

THE SELECTIVE DRAFT BILL

WILL BE SUPPORTED BY CONGRESSMAN BRODBECK.

President Wilson and Army Board Have the Correct Idea in Selective Draft.

According to a canvass of the two houses of Congress undertaken by members, and checked up by reporters of the "New York World," 274 members of both houses favor the selective draft proposition. Both Senators Penrose and Knox, of Pennsylvania, and Congressman Brodbeck, of this district, will vote for the selective draft bill. Of the seventy-four members of the lower house who favor the volunteer system, a majority have indicated their purpose to vote for the draft bill if the volunteer project fails.

In taking up the question of universal training Congressman Brodbeck believes leaving out the question of training for militarism, the youth of the country will be greatly benefited as to their physical condition if the bill for universal military training is enacted into law. At the present time he believes that the first class should be made up of young men of 19 years of age who should be given six months of intensified training in camps. He argues that the open air life which these boys would have for the period mentioned ought to be of very material benefit to them in having helped to build up a strong constitution.

On the military end the congressman stated emphatically that he is against war as a general proposition, but at the same time the best step to avoid war, in his opinion, unless all nations agree to disarmament, is to place the country in such a condition both as to trained men and materials that war will be avoided from the fact that other countries knowing of our preparedness would not care to provoke a destructive warfare. He also stated that if these young men after the first year, were called out for a month of training, the exercise that they would undergo in addition to the outdoor life, would really place them in a position of enjoying a vacation with their expenses paid by the government.

As to the bill providing for selective draft, Congressman Brodbeck feels that President Wilson has absolutely the correct idea as to this matter, not that he believes that the country is lacking in patriotism, because, he says, he believes it is thoroughly patriotic and that men in practically all instances stand ready to defend the country to the best of their ability. He raises the point that on a selective draft proposition men will be gauged by their occupations and their abilities as to just the disposition that will be made of their services, whether it be in agricultural pursuits, in factories whose output is required for the maintenance of the country, or in the line of the army or navy.

The possibilities are, according to Congressman Brodbeck, that a thorough debate will be had on the measure which comes before the house from the committee on military affairs, and now includes a provision for attempting to raise an army through the volunteer provisions before resorting to a draft measure, but when the bill is finally acted upon the volunteer provision will be eliminated and an immediate selective draft proposition enacted from the fact that one who studies this matter usually comes to the conclusion that not only for the best interests of the country, but for the individual, as well, a system of this kind would result beneficially.

State Banking Commissioner Lafean

Hon. D. F. Lafean, of York, former congressman from this district five terms, and recently congressman-at-large, and for twenty-four years connected with banking interests of York, and holding business relations with a number of other enterprises, was on last Saturday appointed state banking commissioner by Governor Brumbaugh. Mr. Lafean was called up by the Governor last Saturday evening and informed of his appointment. Cyrus E. Wood, secretary of the commonwealth, arranged for his appearance at Mr. Wood's office in the Capitol Monday to be sworn into office.

The appointment is good "until the end of the session of the Senate." This will obviate sending his name in until the Senate is about to adjourn, when it will make little difference whether the Senate confirms the appointment or not; for then he will be reappointed again "until the end of the session of the Senate." This is the course which has been followed with respect to the names of Insurance Commissioner J. Denny O'Neill, Highway Commissioner Frank Black, Printing Superintendent D. Edward Long and others.

Mr. Lafean's appointment was decided upon some time ago, but the Governor waited until after the expiration of his term as congressman-at-large. The office pays \$6,000 a year.

Gettysburg Heroes.

In a speech recently delivered by John Frederick Lewis, Esq., of Philadelphia, upon the presentation of a portrait of the late William Brooks Rawle to the Pennsylvania Historical Society, referring to the supreme

moment of Rawle's life he speaks of him at Gettysburg in command of a company of about thirty men, and Captain Miller, with another company of about equal size, "with Miller in command of the squadron, he directed Rawle to close up the squadron while he looked out a point to strike. The order was given, a volley fired and with drawn sabers struck the overwhelming mass of the enemy behind the colors, going through and through they cut off the rear of the enemy's column and drove it back up on their batteries in the rear."

This cavalry fight had been called "the most dramatic charge of cavalry ever made on American Soil," and Custer in his report of it said "I challenge the annals of warfare to produce a more brilliant or successful charge of cavalry."

Speaking further Mr. Lewis said, "to my mind it was a more inspiring contest than the Light Brigade at Balaklava, so famous in poetry. For this gallant feat of arms Captain Miller received a medal from Congress, and having been done without orders Captain Miller's honor was most properly bestowed."

He further says, "Captain Miller is today a venerable and honored survivor of the war in which he rendered this high service, living in quiet retirement at Carlisle, who recently said of Rawle he was a loyal friend, a superb soldier and feared nothing." Captain Miller is well known in Gettysburg and Adams county and at one time served as State Senator for the district of which Adams was a part at the time.

How to Increase Food Supply.

Congressman Brodbeck has secured for distribution a publication called "The Small Vegetable Garden," which contains suggestions for utilizing small areas. It is made up of 44 pages with quite a number of illustrations, photographic reproductions, as well as a plan for laying out the garden, a table giving the length of time required for various kinds of seeds to mature as well as the space which specified quantities require.

By the exercise of care and forethought in planning successive crops and by the utilization of every foot of available space, it is possible to grow considerable quantities of vegetables in limited areas and to supplement the family food supply.

This publication, giving as it does points on the essentials of gardening, importance of a good seed bed, fertilizers, planning of the small garden, the garden diagram, a back yard garden, choosing crops, seeds for a family of four, starting early vegetables in the house, how to make and use a seed box, the hot bed, the cold frame, as well as a great amount of other information including the character of tools that should be employed, makes the publication one that is of considerable value to those who are planning growing their own vegetables.

Copies of this publication can be had by addressing a letter or postal card to Congressman A. R. Brodbeck, Hanover, Pa., and asking for Farmers' Bulletin No. 818.

Presbyterian Church Rededicated.

The Presbyterian Church was rededicated at the morning services last Sunday morning. The evening service and week-day meetings have been attended by many of our people and there is a unanimity in the expressed opinion that the church building has been vastly improved and made more beautiful. The work has been done with rare good judgment and artistic taste. The old vestibule which had become the eyesore in the auditorium has been removed and the erection of the new brick vestibule develops the auditorium in its right proportions. The tinting of the walls has been skillfully done in good taste and lends a new attraction to the old walls. A hard oak floor replaced the old one, and aisles have been carpeted. New pews replace the old ones and the lighting by the indirect electric system adds greatly to the room at night. A new heating system has also been installed. The entire repairs cost about \$2500 and after the Sunday services all but \$200 of the amount of repairs had been raised, and this remaining sum was further reduced at the week-day services.

At last Sunday morning service the following resolution was presented by John D. Keith, Esq., and carried by a rising vote:

"Resolved, That the thanks of this congregation be extended unto S. Gray Bigham, chairman of the committee on repairs and his associates, Hugh Melhenny, Mrs. D. P. McPherson, Mrs. W. W. Gilliland, Miss Annie Horner and John C. Grogg, for his and their conscientious, faithful and efficient services in conceiving, planning and carrying out to a successful conclusion the remodeling of the church and the erection of the entrance vestibule and other improvements."

Spelling Bee.

The fourth Adams county spelling contest for the public school children was held last Saturday in the High School Building. One hundred and 27 pupils had qualified for the contest and about one-half the number took part. The winner was Ethel Resser of East Berlin, with H. Elmer Snyder of Mt. Joy township second, Ruth Herr of Cumberland township third, Irene Lawver of Franklin township fourth and Phoebe Jacobs of East Berlin fifth. All received dictionaries as prizes. The four annual contests have so far been won by girls.

MISS COPE HEAD OF SCHOOLS

OUR PEOPLE APPROVE AND ENDORSE MISS COPE'S ELECTION.

Devoted Over Twenty Years of Her Life to the Best Interests of Our Schools.

Miss Helen L. Cope was elected Supervising Principal of the public schools of Gettysburg by the School Directors at a meeting on Monday evening. The election was unanimous and her salary was fixed at \$1200. Miss Cope had not applied for the position, and it came to her unsought. She succeeded Dr. H. B. Moyer.

The appointment of Miss Cope has met with an overwhelming approval of our people. She has been recognized as one of the best teachers our town has ever had. For months during the last illness of Prof. Burgoon she had most satisfactorily discharged the duties of the position. Miss Cope has been an enthusiast in all her work for the schools. For twenty-two years she has been connected with the Gettysburg High School, as a teacher and for the past fifteen years has been assistant principal. She received her pedagogical training at the University of Pennsylvania and has taken the summer course work at that institution a number of years to perfect herself in her work. Last year she was a student at the Model School of the same university specializing in High School Studies and will attend the same school this summer for a course in supervision grade work and school management. Miss Cope's work in her departments of English and History has always been recognized as highly proficient. She has shown unusual ability as a disciplinarian and in administrative work, and always with a message that it is for the good of the pupil and the schools and in a way to endear her with scholars and her associates. She has helped devotedly to raise the High School to its present high standard and will zealously watch and maintain that standard.

The other teachers chosen were: High School—Prof. W. D. Reynolds, Prof. R. E. Sunderland, Miss Nellie K. Blocher, Miss Bernadette Thomas, Miss Anna Fox, Miss Janet Myers.

Meade Building—Miss Elizabeth Rummel, Miss Mary Benner, Miss Carrie Miller, Miss Anna Major, Miss Elmira Ruff. High Street Building—J. Guy Wolf, Miss Maud Miller, Miss Hattie McGrew, Miss Grace Sachs, Mrs. Mary Wible, Miss Alice Miller and Miss Blanche Stoops.

Colored School—Miss Amanda Lewis.

Prof. S. C. Leininger, of the Manual Training Department, was not re-elected for the reason that he was not an applicant having accepted a position elsewhere.

Miss Rose Scott having resigned, her position as teacher of third and fourth grades at the Meade Building Miss Viola Miller, a daughter of Mrs. Mary Miller of Baltimore street, was named to succeed Miss Scott. Miss Viola Miller has been teaching during the past year in the York schools.

Great Recital.

The violin and piano recital by Domenico Bove and Ralph Lewars in Brua Chapel on Thursday evening was a superb exhibition. Both are masters and thrilled listeners only awaited opportunity to express their appreciation in applause. Mr. Bove's numbers were Concerto D Minor by Vieuxtemps, Melody by Stojowski, Bird as Prophet, by Schumann, Slavie Dance, by Dvorak, and Spanish Dance by Sarasote. Mr. Lewars' numbers were Nocturne B Flat Minor and Polonaise F Sharp Minor by Chopin, The Lark, by Palekirew, Dance Languide, by Seriatine, and Prelude, G Minor, by Rachmaninoff. Both gave encores, one by Mr. Bove being Humoreske, by Dvorak, and the violin used by Mr. Bove was almost two hundred years old and had been owned by Dvorak, and there was good reason to believe that the Humoreske had first seen the light of musical expression on that violin.

For Better Lincoln Highway.

Burgess J. W. Eicholtz recently received a communication from the Chambersburg Chamber of Commerce suggesting the appointment of a committee of fifteen to co-operate with a committee of like size in Chambersburg to confer with the State Highway Department with reference to building a model road over the Lincoln Highway between the two towns. The State Highway Department proposes to build the five miles between Chambersburg and Fayetteville.

Burgess Eicholtz has named the following as Gettysburg's committee to co-operate with Chambersburg's committee: W. S. Schroeder, Roy P. Funkhouser, Hon. C. Wm. Beales, J. Edward McCannion, J. L. Williams, Esq., Dr. C. H. Huber, J. L. Butt, Esq., Rev. W. F. Boyle, Rev. J. B. Baker, C. S. Reaser, Dr. H. M. Hartman, Dr. J. McGee Dickson, John W. Echem, H. T. Weaver, and J. Donald Swope, Esq.

Clean White Rags wanted at this office, sets, per pound.

REGULAR APRIL COURT

CRIMINAL CASE ASSAULT AND BATTERY, FROM HAMILTONBAN

Civil Case of the Western Maryland Railway Company vs. A. A. Gruver Tried.

The April term of court began on Monday, President Judge Donald P. McPherson on the Bench, with Associate Judges W. Howard Dicks and E. P. Miller. The term was short, with two indictments from Grand Jury, one criminal case tried and of the eight cases on the trial list of civil cases, three were ready for trial and only two of these are likely to be disposed of by trial. The routine work of the court was as follows:

The constables were called, sworn and presented their returns of violation between January and April courts, as follows:

In the first ward of Gettysburg the York pike was reported in bad condition and crossings in Centre Square in bad condition.

In Berwick township the roads were reported in bad condition and one index board down.

In Butler township one bastard was reported born, mother Helen Elizabeth Turner, reputed father unknown.

In Conowago township the road from the Liversperger blacksmith shop to Slagle's Creek was impassable.

In Freedom township one bastard was reported, mother Grace Herring, the reputed father one Koontz. Process was awarded for Koontz.

In German township one bastard was reported, mother Emma Hoie, reputed father Denton Dull.

In Hamiltonban the road from Maria Furnace road to Wm. Kepner's on Mt. Hope road in bad shape. Road from Tract road to Ed. Strausbaugh's place in bad shape and from Cold Springs to Franklin county line.

In Oxford township the road from Samuel Kohler's to cross road on Irishtown road was in bad repair. The county bridge on Conowago Creek at Diehl's mill on Gettysburg and Oxford pike was in dangerous condition. The index board at intersection of Hanover and John's Mill road was down.

In Reading township the road at Hollinger's School House road from Round Hill School House to the Menallen road were in bad condition.

In Straban township the road from Beaver dam bridge to Conowago bridge was in bad condition. Road from Hunterstown to New Chester was unsafe for travelers. The railroad crossing at Oyer's and Spangler's was unsafe as travelers are unable to see trains in either direction.

Process was awarded for supervisors of Hamiltonban, Conowago, Reading, Straban, Berwick and Oxford townships, and authorities of Gettysburg borough, to be listed at the discretion of the District Attorney. Notice was directed to be sent the proper authorities to make repairs needed.

The Grand Jury was next called, sworn and Chas. E. Deatrick was appointed foreman. Judge McPherson charged them upon their duties and oath.

The Grand Jury acted upon the indictments finding both true bills.

Com. vs. Denton Dull, charged with fornication and bastardy on information of Emma Hoie was found a true bill.

Com. vs. Raymond Hurley, charged with assault and battery on information of Charles Emory, was found a true bill.

Jesse L. Group and W. O. Andrews were appointed tynstaves for the first week and Roy Snyder and H. V. Klunk for the second week of court.

One Criminal Case Tried.

The only criminal case tried was that of Com. vs. Raymond Hurley for assault and battery and aggravated assault and battery on Ernest Emory and his mother on the information of Charles Emory, the father and husband. At the conclusion of the presentation of the case of the Commonwealth by District Attorney Topper of the attack made by the defendant, the defense attempted to show that the attack was made by Emory boy and friends and the information was made to escape punishment. J. Donald Swope and Chas. S. Butt, Esqs., represented the defense and during the trial took off their coats to demonstrate that a cut in the vest and shirt could not have taken place as Ernest Emory alleged. There was much conflicting testimony. The case came to an end Tuesday afternoon with a verdict of guilty against defendant.

In the case of Com. vs. Oscar B. Finkey, defendant plead guilty to the charge of fornication and bastardy on oath of Margie C. Reese and at a previous court had been allowed to go on a recognizance while an attempt was being made to settle the case. The defendant now came into court for sentence having failed to settle case and was sentenced to \$10 for laying in expenses, \$12.50 for maintenance of child to date, \$12.50 a week for maintenance until child was seven years old, and give bond of \$500 for faithful performance of requirements of sentence, or stand committed to jail. The defendant is in the custody of Sheriff Hartman.

Miscellaneous.

A large quantity of current court

business was disposed of at the sessions of the court on last Saturday.

The executors and administrators' accounts advertised for presentation were confirmed as follows:

George R. Routsong, administrator of estate of George W. Hewitt, late of Bendersville, Balance \$275.00.

Bessie G. Long, administratrix of M. E. Long, late of Gettysburg, Balance \$2859, and J. D. Swope, Esq., was appointed auditor to make distribution.

Alfred A. Arendtz, administrator of the estate of Pius G. Arentz, last of Mt. Joy township, Balance \$128.

E. W. Cashman, Charles G. Neely, and Edgar L. Neely, executors of Thomas G. Neely, late of York Springs, Balance \$29,777.62.

Henry C. Earnshaw, executor of Elizabeth B. Earnshaw, late of Gettysburg, Balance \$1496.53.

John A. Brumgard, administrator of Eliza Jane Dressler, late of Union township, Balance \$1426.45.

John Reed Scott, executor of William Ross White, late of Liberty township, Balance \$2944.16.

Joseph W. Bittinger, executor of Mary A. Eline, late of Littlestown, Balance \$980.78.

Mary L. Duttera, executrix of John A. Hankey, late of Gettysburg, Balance \$12,243.36.

The bond of Robert M. Scott and the Citizens' Trust Company to secure the payment of \$2100 to special legatees named under the will of Margaret J. Scott, deceased, was presented and accepted.

A petition to sell house and lot in Abbottstown and also a small lot was granted to J. A. Kinneman, executor of the estate to Louise Molison, deceased, and bond in \$1350 was approved.

Raymond F. Topper, Esq., was appointed master in the divorce proceedings of Irene Mathews vs. John A. Mathews.

Application for transfer of liquor license at the National Hotel, Littlestown, to Clarence A. Atno, was filed in Court Saturday. The applicant is the son of B. K. Atno, proprietor of the hotel until his death a few weeks ago. The applicant is twenty-two years of age. He was employed with his father in the hotel business for some time. A discussion owing to the youth of the applicant arose and the court took the papers making no decision.

Authority was given to sell the real estate of the late W. S. McCreary of Fairfield, and the bond of Rev. W. K. Fleck, administrator, in the sum of \$2000 was approved.

W. H. Smith was discharged as administrator of the estates of John M. Wisler and Mary J. Wisler.

Mary A. Swartz, executrix of H. W. Swartz, was given authority to sell certain real estate of decedent, and bond in \$30,000 was filed and approved.

Authority was given P. C. Smith, administrator of Lydia Spahr, deceased, to sell real estate of decedent and bond in \$1000 was approved.

The Hanover Trust Company was appointed guardian of Charles E. Trimmer and bond in \$600 was approved.

The widow's list under \$300 law in estate of Samuel Fair was approved unless exceptions are filed within 20 days.

Harvey Barnes was appointed assistant assessor in Hamiltonban township No. 2, to fill the vacancy caused by the removal of John L. Baker.

A petition of Eva J. Welty for partition in the estate of the late Thaddeus L. and Annie L. Welty, was presented and the request granted, returnable May 21st, 1917.

The Citizens' Trust Company was appointed guardian of the minor children of Martha Virginia Riley, late of Cumberland township.

The case of the Western Maryland Railway Company vs. A. A. Gruver of East Berlin, was begun on Tuesday and evidence was completed. It was an action of assumpsit for freight bills which the railroad claimed were unpaid. They amounted to between \$500 and \$600 and were for shipments of horses and mules in 1912 and 1913. Mr. Gruver received numerous shipments from St. Louis, Kentucky, West Virginia, and other sections. On some of these freight was paid while on others the railroad claimed payment was not made.

Mr. Gruver claimed that in every instance he paid the freight with one exception, and that in that case the animals were received in such condition that his claim for damages would exceed the freight charge. The railroad did not admit this, and further alleged that the claim for damages was a separate issue from the freight charge and could not be used to offset the road's bill. The defendant had numerous checks to show payments made for freight but he had no receipts and it was accordingly a matter for discussion as to what freight bills these checks paid. After the taking of testimony, May 21st was fixed for the argument. C. S. Duncan, Esq., and Charles S. Butt, Esq., represented the Western Maryland, while J. L. Williams, Esq., represented the defendant.

Message from Wilbur Myers.

A message has come from Gettysburg's first volunteer for the war, "Pete" Myers of the Compiler force. The message comes from the Main Camp of the U. S. Naval Training Station at Norfolk, Va., and is addressed to The Compiler, and says: "Things are going great. Like it fine. Going to main camp to-day. Plenty to eat and a good place to sleep. Lots of drilling to do but get enough rest to do it."

PERSONAL POINTS OF VIEW

COMINGS AND GOINGS INTO AND OUT OF THE TOWN.

Social and Other Individual Happenings and Other Local Items of Interest.

—Mrs. E. M. Bender has returned to her home on Carlisle street after spending several weeks with relatives in Camden, Indiana.

—Mrs. James Ross and Miss Amy Ross have returned to their home on North Washington street after visiting friends in Hanover.

—Miss Norma Burgoon and Miss Kathryn Deardorff have gone to Millersville State Normal School for the Spring term.

—Miss Lucy Redding has returned to her home on York street after spending several weeks with relatives in Boswell and Harrisburg. She was accompanied home by Miss Anna Collins of Harrisburg who was her guest this week.

—Miss Edna Morrison, a Red Cross nurse of Jacksonville, Florida, is spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Lentz, Chambersburg street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Luther Sachs of Waynesboro, spent Sunday with relatives in town.

—Mrs. J. O. Blocher and Miss Marian Blocher, Seminary Ridge, were visitors in York on Wednesday.

—Dr. and Mrs. E. S. Breidenbaugh have returned to their home on Carlisle street after visiting their daughter, Mrs. D. C. Burnite in Danville, Pa.

—Lawrence Oyler and Herbert Oyler have returned from a business trip of several days to Toledo, Ohio.

—Mrs. VanCleve has returned to her home in Burlington, Iowa, after an extended visit with her sisters, Mrs. Hill and Miss Hess, Centre Sq.

—Mrs. Lucinda Bream, Broadway, has gone to York Springs to spend several days with relatives.

—Norman E. Frey, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Frey, North Stratton street, who has been in San Francisco for the past ten years, has resigned his position in that city and has gone to San Antonio, Texas, where he will enter the drug business.

—Capt. Cyprian McSherry, First New Mexico, Infantry, left on Wednesday to join his regiment after spending two weeks with Wm. McSherry, Esq., Baltimore street, and relatives in Littlestown.

—F. W. Stahlheiser, the new local manager of the Bell Telephone Co. in this district was a visitor in town on Monday.

—Dr. L. L. Sieber and daughter, Mrs. H. B. Moyer, have returned from a month's evangelistic campaign in southern Virginia.

—Miss Ruth Reininger, Chambersburg street, is a patient in the Methodist Hospital, Philadelphia, where she was operated upon on Monday for appendicitis.

—Gettysburg's curb market will open Tuesday morning, May 1st. Market Master Smiley will be at the Burgess' Office on April 30 to complete the stall reservations. Many hucksters have already applied for their usual places.

—Calvin Gilbert has sold the equipment of the flour mill on Franklin street which he recently purchased, to Henry J. Gulden, the millwright, of Aspers.

—Prof. H. M. Roth has announced that of the 166 pupils who took the Central Examinations in the county last Saturday 117 have qualified for the final examination which will be held in Gettysburg on Saturday the 28th.

—A slight fire occurred in the chimney at the home of Covil Cress on Sunday afternoon about five o'clock. The Fire Department responded promptly and a stream from the chemical tank on the new Boyd engine put out the blaze before serious damage was done.

—On last Sunday evening while Rev. and Mrs. George N. Lauffer of Steelton were attending church a thief gained entrance to their house. Upon their return Mr. Lauffer encountered the intruder on the stairway from the second floor. He made his escape and Mr. Lauffer pursued him for several blocks but was unable to stop him. Nothing was missing from the house which is likely due to the timely return of the occupants.

—John H. Eckert, rural mail carrier from the Gettysburg office, through Hon. C. Wm. Beales, has offered to the War Department a portion of his farm along the York pike east of town to be used an aerodrome if needed.

—Joseph Williams, York street, has received notice that he has successfully passed two examinations for the United States Navy and is to report at Newport in June for instruction. Young Williams will enter the electrical branch of the service and study to become a wireless operator.

—Alexander Buchler of Atlantic City, formerly of Gettysburg, is in the school of instruction for the U. S. Navy at Norfolk.

—Mrs. Roy V. Derr of Burnham, Pa., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Wm. Ziegler, York street.

—J. W. Zercher of Littlestown was a visitor among friends in town on Monday. Mr. Zercher was a member of Company M, Fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Fewer Eggs are required with ROYAL BAKING POWDER

In many recipes the number of eggs may be reduced with excellent results by using an additional quantity of Royal Baking Powder, about a teaspoon, for each egg omitted. The following recipe is a practical example:

Chocolate Sponge Roll

14 cups flour
24 teaspoon salt
1 cup sugar
2 eggs
2 squares melted chocolate

2 tablespoons melted shortening
1 cup hot water
1 teaspoon vanilla
2 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

The old method called for 4 eggs and no baking powder

DIRECTIONS—Sift flour, baking powder and salt together three times. Beat whole eggs. Add slowly sugar, then boiling water, slowly; add next vanilla, melted chocolate and melted shortening, without beating. Sift in dry ingredients, and fold in as lightly as possible. Pour into large baking pan lined with oiled paper, and bake in slow oven twenty minutes. When done, turn out on a damp, hot cloth, spread with white icing and roll.

Booklet of recipes which economize in eggs and other expensive ingredients mailed free

Address ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 135 William St., New York

Council in Special Session.

The Town Council in special session on Monday evening decided unanimously that the ordinance granting entrance to the town by the Washington, Westminster and Gettysburg Railroad would be passed over the veto of Burgess. As such action can only be taken at a regular meeting, the action agreed upon at special meeting will take place at the May meeting.

The by-laws of the Fire Company recently adopted by that body were approved.

The Highway Committee reported oiling streets would be started as soon as weather permitted at a cost of about 10 cents per running foot to land owners.

Borough Attorney was directed to sue the trolley company for car tax and cars were not to be allowed to run until arrearages were paid.

The tax rate was not fixed and it is expected to have a budget of expenses at the next meeting and try to reach a position where there will be sufficient income to pay expenses.

BARLOW.

The following list of snows during the winter of 1916-17 gives the date upon which each fell and the number of inches: Nov. 13, snow squalls; Dec. 12, 4 inches; Dec. 13, 2 inches; Dec. 15, 4 inches; Dec. 19, 2 inches; Dec. 20, 1-2 inch; Jan. 1, 1917, snowing; Jan. 13, 2 inches; Jan. 16, 2 inches; Jan. 21, 2 inches; Jan. 25, snow squalls; Jan. 28, 2 1-2 inches; Feb. 4, snow storm; Feb. 15, 4 inches; Feb. 16, snow squalls; Feb. 22, 1-4 inch; Feb. 28, 5 inches; March 1, snowing all day; March 2-3, 4 inches; March 4, 14 inches; March 18, 1-2 inch; April 8, 6 inches.

The Mt. Joy Union Sunday School was reorganized last Sunday with Rev. Stockslager in the chair, who appointed as secretary and tellers Frank Herr, Paul Reaver, Luther Weikert, Charles Schwartz, to hold the election which resulted as follows: Supt., Howard Schwartz; Assistant, Supt., W. G. Durborow; Sec., L. Durborow; Librarian, Edgar Allhouse; Organist, Miss Nedah Gouker. Officers of the Intermediate and Primary Department are: Superintendent, Robert Durborow; Assistant Superintendent, Allen Walker; Secretary, Miss Verna Waybright; Librarians, Geo. Stockslager and Miss Marguerite Jacobs; Organist, Miss Viola Fleck.

Mr. Ward Bercau, a member of Mason and Dixon Lodge No. 69, I. O. O. F., Harney, Md., leaves this Monday morning for Baltimore as a delegate to the grand convention of I. O. O. F.

S. S. Schriver is preparing to build a new barn this spring.

J. F. S.

ARENDTSTVILLE.

The peach buds in this section are safe.

At D. D. Bucher's sale last Saturday, the best horse sold for \$182, best cow \$65.50, seed oats \$1.07 per bu., potatoes \$2.65 per bu., farming implements brought good prices. The sale amounted to \$1184.

Andrew Kane has the carpenters at work enlarging and remodeling his tenant house. John F. Lupp has added a new porch to the front of his house, and Jacob H. Wierman had a new roof put on his dwelling and other additions put to it.

Our farmers should avail themselves to put out as large an acreage of corn, potatoes and beans as possible to insure the supply of food-stuff which is much needed.

The wheat fields in this locality have improved very much during the last few weeks and are making a good appearance.

The social held by the grangers in the town hall last Saturday evening was largely attended and a pleasant time was spent.

Robert R. Myers has a force of men at work putting new timber in the forchay at his roller mill.

FREE OF CHARGE.

We have started our machinery to granulate corn into chick feed for the farmers "free of charge" while they wait. We will keep on hand ready prepared chick feed at \$3.00 per hundred lbs. We keep all of Pratt's and Conkey's poultry remedies on hand, 50 cent boxes at 25 cts., 25 cent boxes at 15 cents. In fact only half the price you pay other dealers. Now don't pay two prices to agents running over the country for these remedies. We have a few mills on hand for sale, either hand or machine power. No goods delivered. S. S. W. HAMMERS.

DEATHS.

(Continued from page 5).

John H. and Paul, of North York, Allen of Lewistown, Md., Charles of Philadelphia, Edwin and Ezra of York, William, whose whereabouts is unknown, Mrs. George Boechel of North York, and Mrs. L. B. Kreider of Littlestown. Funeral was on Monday.

Joseph Edwin Wierman, a well known citizen of the county died at his home in Arendtsville on last Saturday. He was a Civil War veteran, a member of Co. I, 127th Penna. Vol. Inf., and participated in the battles of Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville. He was a son of the late Joseph and Susan Wierman, and was born May 4, 1837, at Wierman's Mill, near York Springs, where his father conducted a mill. He lived in that vicinity until he was 30 years of age, learning the trade of a miller. He followed the business in Cumberland county for a number of years and then returned to Adams county, operating mills at various places. He retired from active employment about 12 years ago and has been living in Arendtsville. His age was 79 years, 11 months and 14 days. He leaves a wife, who was formerly Miss Annie Myers, a daughter of the late Solomon Myers, of near York Springs, and one daughter, Miss Eliza Wierman, residing at home. One brother, Henry H. Wierman of York Springs, and sister, Miss Mary Wierman of Warburg, Texas, also survive. He was a member of the Arendtsville Reformed Church and Rev. Hesson conducted the funeral services on Tuesday with interment in the Arendtsville Cemetery.

Martin Luther Buffington, one of Taneytown's life long citizens died suddenly on Wednesday of last week of paralysis. Mr. Buffington was engaged in the concrete business and was doing some work in town when he was stricken, death following before medical aid could be procured. He is survived by his wife who was Miss Alice Smith, and two daughters, Mrs. Ernest Angel, of Taneytown, and Mrs. William Wagner of Columbus, O. Five brothers, John E. and James, of Taneytown, Jacob, proprietor of Hotel Columbus, McSherrystown, Charles G. of New York City, and I. M., of Baltimore, also survive. The funeral was held Sunday.

Mrs. Mary E. Test, wife of Joseph U. Test, died at the West Side Sanitarium, York, last Saturday after having been an invalid for several years. The following children survive: George W. Test of Littlestown, Henry J. Test of California, Jessie I. Test of York, J. Bruce Test of State of Washington, and Mrs. Mary I. Dryden of York. Three brothers survive, George and Robert Gortman, residing in York, and another, Charles Gortman, in Adams county.

Raymond Moritz, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Moritz of near Fairfield, died in the Chambersburg Hospital on Monday. The boy was 13 years old on January 25 last, and became ill last week with tonsillitis. Complications followed and he was taken to the hospital last Thursday where he grew gradually worse, brain fever being the immediate cause of his death. In the hospital at the same time was his sister, Julia Moritz, who was taken there on Friday suffering from appendicitis. She underwent a successful operation the day she was taken there and is now getting along satisfactorily. He leaves his parents, and two sisters, Julia and Mabel. The funeral was held on Thursday with services by Rev. V. G. Hartman, interment at Flohr's Cemetery.

David L. Wilson, colored, died at home of his mother, Mrs. Eden Barnes, on last Thursday from rheumatism and heart trouble, from which he had suffered for several months, aged 37 years and 14 days. Mr. Wilson returned home sick from Bethlehem several weeks ago. He formerly served in the U. S. Army and was discharged after six months' service for disability. The funeral was held on Sunday with interment in colored cemetery.

Samuel Keller Hostetter of Charman, died Thursday of last week from acute bowel obstruction, aged 74 years, 11 months and 22 days. He had been ill only a short while. Mr. Hostetter was born near Charman, the son of John and Elizabeth Keller Hostetter, and lived in that section all his life. He is survived by his widow, Funeral was on Sunday with interment in the Fairfield Cemetery.

Paul Miller, the 7-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Miller, of near New Oxford, died last week. He is survived by his parents, two brothers and one sister, Roy, Frederick and Marie, all at home.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Smith of South Washington street, died Sunday aged five months. Funeral on Monday with interment in the colored cemetery.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of L. A. Snearinger, late of Conowingo township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. McSHERRY,

Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Susan E. Allowell, late of the Township of Berwick, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned and all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them in legal form to

CITIZENS' TRUST CO.,

Administrator, Gettysburg, Pa.

WEDDINGS.

(Continued from page 4).

J. Sollenberger united in marriage Charles A. Flemming and Miss Olive G. Sowers. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Sowers of York Springs R. F. D. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Flemming of Dillsburg R. F. D.

Anderson — Paxton.—On Tuesday evening, April 10, Frank M. Anderson and Cora M. Paxton were united in marriage by Rev. G. H. Eyer. The groom resides with his father at Wellsville. The bride is from Bermudian.

Keefer—Waybright.—A very pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Waybright, Mt. Joy township, when their daughter, Mary, was united in marriage to Guy Keefer, by Rev. Mr. Brady and Rev. Mr. Yoder at high noon on Tuesday. The home was tastefully decorated, the color scheme used being pink and white. As the wedding march was played by Mrs. Seiss, the bride party, composed of two ribbon boys, a flower girl, the Rev. Mr. Yoder and the Rev. Mr. Brady, bridesmaids, Edna Waybright and Carrie Keefer, best men, Lloyd Durborow and William Hoff, and the bride and bridegroom, descended to the parlor, where under an arch of pink and white, the ceremony was performed. The bride wore a handsome gown of grey messaline and carried white carnations. The bridesmaids wore blue and carried pink carnations. The bride is a granddaughter of ex-County Commissioner A. M. Waybright. After the ceremony a turkey dinner was served to the guests.

Haverstick—Wildasin.—At Guernsey, April 12, Rev. J. H. Bender married Mervin Haverstick, son of Geo. Haverstick, of Aspers, and Miss Mamie Wildasin, daughter of Mrs. Emma Wildasin, of Five Points, this county.

Engagement.

The engagement of Miss Lillian Waener, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Weaver of Bendersville, and James G. Miller of Pittsburgh, has been announced. Mr. Miller is in the employ of the Simmons Company of Pittsburgh. The wedding will take place in June.

Two Fires South of Town.

On Tuesday evening two fires occurred south of town. One on the Altheodore Bushman farm, now owned by Frank Stouffer of Chambersburg and tenanted by John McCleat and his son George McCleat. The barn was a stone structure and was completely destroyed with 5 calves, 90 chickens, 20 bushels of corn, 2 1-2 tons of hay, a binder, large wagon, all the harness and large straw stack. The origin of the fire is unknown and was discovered by Mrs. McCleat while the family were eating their supper. The seven horses and cattle outside the barn were saved. The buildings were insured and Mr. McCleat has insurance in the Mumbasburg Mutual Company.

An unoccupied house owned by Charles Bucher on farm formerly the Raphael Fisel farm was destroyed by fire about nine o'clock Tuesday evening. The barn on same farm burned down three years ago and the house had not been occupied for the past two years.

Public Safety Committee.

Adams County has been organizing a Public Safety Committee of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. A list of over a hundred names were made public several weeks ago and this week seventy more names were added. Hon. St. McC. Swope and Dr. Wm. A. Granville have been named as members of this committee for Adams county. The members are expected to organize their communities for home defense and contributing toward the resources of the Government.

Public Sale of Holsteins.

On Saturday, April 21, 1917, Harry J. March will hold a public sale at the Sunday House stock yards, East Berlin, of 9 thoroughbred Holstein Heifers and Bulls. The stock was bought of the best dairy herds in Union Co. The stock is a good blood as can be produced in America and registry certificates go with each thoroughbred. It is a good chance to improve local stock. Also a lot of graded Holsteins, cows and heifers will be sold and a bunch of fine goats.

Early : Spring : Bulletin :

BICYCLES

Bicycles are becoming more and more popular because they are so useful. We have them from \$25.00 up. You can save this price in a few weeks on your board bill if you are working away from home.

ATHLETIC GOODS

We have a full line of Spalding's Baseball and Tennis goods. Buy now while the line is complete as there is bound to be a shortage later in the season, especially in Tennis goods.

PYREX GLASS BAKING WARE

The popular and widely advertised glass baking ware. Fully guaranteed not to break in the oven or from the heat. We have just received a factory shipment and can supply you with most anything in the catalogue.

DECORATED DINNERWARE

Despite the scarcity of goods we have a big lot of decorated plates, cups and saucers, bowls, jugs, etc. in white and gold and pink decorations.

For the Newly-weds, or those going to housekeeping for the first time we have everything needful in kitchen utensils and hardware, china and porcelain dinner ware in sets or open stock, tubs, washboards, irons, etc. for the laundry.

And remember we give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps with all purchases and the premiums help to furnish the home. A beautiful premium absolutely free with every book full of stamps.

: Gettysburg : Department : Store

If You Need Rugs Within the Next Year==Buy Them Now!

THIS is sound advice, which may be wisely followed by all home furnishers. The present shortage of carpet wool, of jute, of linen, and the higher costs of labor, fuel, power and other items, are forcing manufacturers to increase prices of future shipments. If you need Rugs at once, or next summer or autumn—buy them NOW at present prices. For the information of our customers it is almost unnecessary to say that, irrespective of market conditions, we shall still adhere to the same standards. Our prices always shall be based on actual costs to us—and we shall take advantage of every merchandising opportunity which might be converted to your advantage. Despite unprecedented market conditions our selling of Rugs last month exceeded all previous records for January and February sales. The following Rugs here named we have fair stocks of.

Wool Fiber Rugs	Tapestry	Axminster	Body Brussels
36x72 in.	Small Sizes	9x12	9x12
6x9 ft.	8-3x10-2		
8-3x10-6	9x12		
9x12			

Oil Cloth, Linola and Linoleums. The above remarks hold good in this line as some of the largest manufacturers have withdrawn their lines and the trend of advance and scarcity is sure to be felt this year. We have a fair assortment here at no exorbitant prices

Window Shades. These are higher than last season, but we feel confident we can give you prices that will save you money from prices later on when our present stock is sold

ALL BLINDS CUT TO FIT WINDOWS FREE OF CHARGE

Dougherty & Hartley

The Kind of Jewelry YOU WANT

is the guaranteed kind—the kind we carry always in stock. It's our business policy to carry only the jewelry that we can feel sure of—jewelry that, being guaranteed to us, we can guarantee to you.

No matter what you want in jewelry particularly if it is the nationally advertised kind, and guaranteed by Good Housekeeping Magazine, we have it. Come in and let us show you our complete line of reasonably-priced

Guaranteed Jewelry

PENROSE MYERS

Watchmaker and Jeweler

213 Baltimore Street

Beautiful Bust and Shoulders

are possible if you will wear a scientifically constructed Bien Jolie Brassiere.

The drugging weight of an unconstructed bust so stretches the supporting muscles that the contour of the figure is spoiled. It puts the bust back where it belongs, prevents the full bust from having the appearance of sagging, eliminates the danger of dragging muscles and confines the flesh of the shoulder giving a graceful line to the entire upper body.

They are the daintiest and most serviceable garments imaginable—come in all materials and styles: Crois de France, Front, Surplice, Bandeau, etc. Boned with "Walton," the rustless boning—permitting washing without removal.

Have your dealer show you Bien Jolie Brassieres, if not stocked, we will gladly send him, prepaid, samples to show you. BENJAMIN & JOHNS, 51 Warren Street, Newark, N. J.

Insure Your Teeth

Better than the dentifrice you are using now

VIVAUDOU'S Peroxide Tooth Paste

For a generous trial tube of this exceptional tooth paste, send 2c. in stamps and your dealer's name to Vivaudou, Dept. 4, Times Building, New York, N. Y.

A Skin Like Velvet

smooth, clear, free of wrinkles

Use the exquisitely fragrant cream of the beauty flower of India and be complimented on your complexion. Your dealer has Elcaya or will get it.

CRÈME ELCAYA

"Is It a Boy or Girl?"

A baby's sex is looked upon as a matter of course; most infant troubles can be prevented if you administer **DR. FAHRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP**. It soothes and strengthens the baby's system. Can be given to babies one day old. Prevents Cholera Infantum, makes Teething simple and easy, relieves bowel complaints. 25 cents at druggists. Trial bottle free if you mention this paper. Made only by DR. D. FAHRNEY & SON, HAGERSTOWN, Md.

Whatever you do, don't get BALD!

Prevent dandruff and falling hair by using the great French preparation

ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC

This original Eau de Quinine is the one effective tonic for itching scalp, sick hair and dandruff. Used by men and women of refinement the world over for 100 years. Don't risk the use of unknown or inferior tonics. ED. PINAUD'S is pure, delightfully perfumed and the one for you. Ask your druggist. Send 10c. to our American Offices for a testing bottle.

Parfumerie ED. PINAUD, Dept. M ED. PINAUD BLDG., New York

Get it from your dealer or from us.

Outfit consists of one Durham Duplex Dominator Razor with white American Ivory handle safety razor, shaving brush, soap and 6 Durham Duplex Blades, packed in a guaranteed leather kit.



Every reader of this paper may secure **\$5.00 DURHAM DUPLEX DOMINATOR RAZOR FOR \$1.00**

DURING THE LIFE OF THIS ADVERTISEMENT **DURHAM DUPLEX RAZOR CO. JERSEY CITY, N. J.**

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Ledgers, Day Books, Journals, Cash and Time Books, Due Ledgers, Record and Roll Books, Milk Books and Note Books of all sizes. Loose Leaf and Permanent Binding. The largest line of books this side of the city.

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GET YOUR STOCK IN CONDITION

by feeding some Good Food and Regulator. Our guaranteed brands are The Standard, The Prussian and Pratts, in assorted sizes.

Peoples Drug Store

YOU NEVER CAN TELL. by F.R. Paul



P6

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KELSEY HEALTH HEAT

YOU ask me how much it costs to install the Kelsey Health Heat. My answer is: Hot water costs about 20 per cent. more than steam to put in, but it costs less to run than steam.

The Kelsey costs somewhat less than water heat, but it costs less to run than either

steam or water. We can prove to your entire satisfaction that it gives the most heat from the least cost.

It's healthy for you and your folks. It's extremely healthy for you and your pocketbook.

Look into the Kelsey. Send for Booklet, "Some Saving Sense on Heating."



T. J. WINEBRENNER
257 Baltimore Street
Gettysburg Pa.



Walk For Health.

A state board of health advises: "Take time to walk—or make time to walk. The pernicious habit of hopping on a trolley car to go a block or two robs many of the necessary health preserving exercise they should have. Walk for health."

The recommendation is sound, but why should those who ride in automobiles be left out? The inveterate users of motorcars need to be told to walk more quite as much as the rest of us. Nowhere is the riding habit easier to acquire than where an automobile is at beck and call. Even the workers who deem the trolley car a necessity would often be advantaged by keeping their nickels in their own pockets and thereby inviting more physical and mental vigor. We are all sinners when it comes to the failure to keep in touch with the open.—Springfield Republican.

EDGAR C. TAWNEY

Dealer in Bread, Rolls, Cakes and Pretzels. Everything is Fresh and of the very Best.

WEST MIDDLE ST., GETTYSBURG

NOTICE

Letters testamentary on the estate of Catherine M. W. Foster, late of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

WM. ARCH. McCLEAN,
Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa.

NOTICE

Letters testamentary on the estate of James Topper, late of Mt. Joy township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

JACOB A. APPLER,
Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa.

OLD FALSE TEETH BOUGHT

broken or any condition. We pay up to \$5 a set, according to value. Mail at once and get our offer. If unsatisfactory, will return teeth. DOMESTIC SUPPLY CO.

2125 HARTON, N. Y.

Not In Stock.

"How much are calories? I want to buy 500," a young woman inquired of the floorwalker.

"Calories?" he replied. "I don't believe—500—I doubt if we have that many in stock. However, inquire at the dress goods counter."

"Have you any calories in stock?" she asked the clerk.

"Calories? What's them?" The clerk for once looked puzzled.

"Well, I don't know. But I know this wouldn't be the department. Calories, you know, are something to eat. I went to a food lecture the other day, and they said to eat at least 500 calories a day. I suppose it's a vegetable."

"I suppose so," said the clerk.—Columbus Dispatch.

True Eloquence.

True eloquence, indeed, does not consist in speech. It cannot be brought from the lips. Labor and learning may tell for it, but they will tell in vain. Words and phrases may be marshaled in every way, but they cannot compass it. It must consist in the man, in the subject and in the occasion. Affected passion, intense expression, the pomp of declamation, all may inspire to it. They cannot reach it. It comes, if it comes at all, like the outbreaking of a fountain from the earth or the bursting forth of volcanic fires with spontaneous, original, native force.—Webster.

Heredity.

"Father?"

"Well, son, what is it now?"

"I want to ask you an important question."

"Fire ahead, boy; I shan't be offended at what you ask."

"Thank you. I want to ask you if you are so old-fashioned in your ideas?"

"I suppose so, but I remember asking my own father that very same question."—The Grand Plain Dealer.

Missed the Point.

Wear Wazles—Why shouldn't I get a hero medal? Didn't I jump into the water and rescue a child? Secretary (medal association)—But the water was only three feet deep. Wear Wazles—Wot of dat! Water is water!—Exchange.

Similar Tastes.

A French lady recently married because the bridegroom's taste and hers were similar. "I don't care very much for him, and he doesn't care very much for me," she explained.—London Opinion.

Bait For Fishing.

A fish hasn't a nose, but it can smell. Recent experiments have proved this. Anglers have not so much stress on the need of bait as a fish's interest by the look of food that the effect of scent has been overlooked. A shark will bite at a hook containing a piece of fat pork, although the pork does not look like any kind of fish that swims in the sea.

It may be honest in angling to suggest that a "fly" should smell like a fly. These scientific experiments show how large a part smell plays in the food pursuit of fish. Bait, such as small crabs, was found and eaten by the fishes two or three times as rapidly when the shells were broken. Bait placed in the water was smelled within three minutes of being lowered in the water, and almost at the same time all the fishes began nibbling at the bait. When cotton was stuffed into its so-called "nostrils" the dogfish would seldom follow the food that came near them.—Chicago Herald.

Typewriter Knowledge.

"Look at this letter," said the exasperated man to his blind typewriter. "Every word in it that should have two 'p's' you've only put one."

"Well, sir," said the girl timidly, "there's only one 'p' on the keyboard."

—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Both Sweepers.

"Where's your father, boy?" asked the gentlemanly agent.

"Sweeping the horizon," replied the astronomer's son.

"And your mother—where is she?"

"She's out sweeping the backyard."—Pearson's Weekly.

Valuations.

"You can't judge things by what they cost."

"True enough. An artificial limb is very expensive, and a real leg you get free."—Washington Star.

The Other Way.

"What on earth's the matter? Cut yourself while shaving?"

"No-o. I should say that I shaved myself while cutting."

Creditors have better memories than debtors.—Franklin.

PLAIN QUESTIONS TO GETTYSBURG PEOPLE.

Every Gettysburg Reader Will Admit the Soundness of the Logic.

Would Gettysburg people recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as they do if the medicine were not reliable? Would they confirm their statements after years have elapsed if their experiences did not show the remedy to be deserving of it? Statements like the following must carry conviction to the mind of every reader:

Mrs. W. N. Flaherty, 311 Washington St., Gettysburg, says: "I had weak kidneys for a long time. I had to get up often during the night, which made me tired out and gave me headaches. I also had backache and pains in my sides. Doan's Kidney Pills corrected all these troubles, strengthening my kidneys." (Statement given July 23, 1912).

On February 12, 1916, Mrs. Flaherty said: "I am a very strong endorser of Doan's Kidney Pills. They have given me fine benefit and I always keep them on hand in case of necessity."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Flaherty has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Lloyd George and His Story.

Few careers have been as successful as that of Lloyd George, the "dare-devil statesman." His biography gives the impression that the keynote of the man's character was courage. He was impulsive, yet sensitive and kind-hearted, and he had the imagination of a poet. From boyhood he rebelled against injustice to the poor who could not raise their voice to protest and who went on in solid resignation from childhood to the grave. He was quite regardless of consequences to himself. During the Boer War he felt indignant that England "should attempt to crush a tiny pastoral people even under provocation; and he devoted himself passionately and wholeheartedly to the side of the underdog." He decided to invade Chamberlain's stronghold and to address a public meeting. He was warned of his personal risk if he persevered in doing so, but he went. His appearance was the signal for a riot, such as had been unknown for a generation. People were seriously injured, one man was killed and Lloyd George had to be snatched out of the hall in a policeman's uniform. The story goes that a few days after the riot, an M. P. met Chamberlain in the lobby of the House of Commons and said: "So your people didn't manage to kill Lloyd George the other night?" "What is everybody's business is nobody's business," said Chamberlain, as he passed on.

Yet he retained his seat in Parliament, which speaks for his power over his own people of Wales. Lloyd George had made a big reputation in Parliament, but it was always as a free lance. It was Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman who found him. He brought new blood into his Cabinet and with it Lloyd George—most unexpectedly. As Minister of the Treasury, his combativeness left him. He devoted himself to reforms and new measures. Responsibility was having its usual quieting effect upon him. In the vortex of a strike he took no extreme view. It was his duty to keep the railways running for the benefit of the community as a whole. He, then, worked for a compromise, and all sections praised him.

In the war is the hope of the establishment of good will among all classes, and in Lloyd George "the engineer in chief" of the new era. In conjunction with the new land scheme, the industrial reformation will provide a policy with a far-reaching scope and a practicability that will appeal to his active mind, his scorn of past usage, and his love of progress. There are those who entertain a vision of President Wilson and Lloyd George working together. The American's tenacity and high-mindedness and the Englishman's ingenuity and practical turn of mind, which amount to a genius for getting things done, should bring about a collaboration in which Lloyd George will probably find his culminating task.

Increase Corn Production.

The Secretary of Agriculture on April 18 issued the following statement:

Corn is America's most important cereal. It can be grown successfully over a wider area than any other and furnishes nutritious food for man as well as the staple grain feed for cattle and draft animals. The production of corn should be increased this year to the fullest extent, taking into consideration seed, labor, and existing economic conditions, and the availability of good land in corn growing regions not needed more urgently for other crops. The acreage may well be increased in most of the country east of the 100th meridian, as corn, in general, thrives in this region.

An appreciable increase in the corn crop is most feasible, however, in the sections of highest corn production. Favorable growing conditions exist in such regions; farmers there are familiar with corn-growing; they have the necessary equipment available, and have adapted corn production to prevailing economic conditions. Farmers in such regions, through many years of experience, have learned methods of successfully combating adverse conditions. They know that the planting of virile, tested seed in well-tilled, friable soil, immediate replanting of missing hills, and early and continued cultivation of the fields count for much in the ability of the plants to produce a bountiful yield. This knowledge should be put to good use during the coming season in order that however unfavorable conditions may be production of an exceptionally large crop may be assured.

In practically every county in the country in which experience has shown that corn may be produced successfully, the possibilities of increasing the corn crop without encroaching upon other important crops is at least worthy of consideration, if land, labor, and seed are available.

- * PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.
- * How to Avoid Grippe.
- * Don't get your nose! Use to a tube for a substitute.
- * Avoid overeating, study rooms and and to expose to the element weather.
- * Have a drinking glass, knife, fork, spoon, towels, pillowcase and handkerchief for your very own. Keep these articles by themselves.
- * Stay away from congested places where there is apt to be poor ventilation and where there are always people with colds.
- * Keep the feet dry, take plenty of exercise, observe regularity in bedtime hours and do not dress too warmly indoors. It is also well to have the nose and throat examined.

ENGLAND'S FIRST CITIZEN

TELLS WHAT IT MEANS TO HAVE UNITED STATES IN WAR.

Premier Lloyd George Welcomes the Help of This Country in Fight for Democracy.

I am in the position, in the happy position, of being, I think, the first Prime Minister of the Crown who, speaking on behalf of the people of this country, could salute the American nation as comrades in arms. I am glad not only because of the stupendous resources which this great nation will bring to the succor of the Allies, but I rejoice as a democrat that the advent of the United States into this war gives the final stamp to the character of the conflict as a struggle against military autocracy throughout the world. That was the note that rang through the great declaration of President Wilson. It has been in your resounding words, Sir, (Ambassador Page).

The United States of America, of a noble tradition, never broken, never have engaged in a war except of liberty. This is the greatest struggle for liberty that they have ever embarked upon. I am not at all surprised, when one recollects the wars of the past, that America took its time to make up its mind about the character of the struggle in Europe. Most of the great wars in the past were waged for dynastic aggrandizement and for conquest.

Fearful Kings Were at Old Tricks.

It is no wonder that when this great war started there were some elements of suspicion still lurking in the minds of the people of the United States of America, that there were many who thought perhaps that the kings were at their old tricks. I think they somewhat, perhaps, regarded it as in the nature of a conspiracy of monarchical swashbucklers. That the United States of America has made up its mind finally makes it abundantly clear to the world that this is no struggle of that character, but a great fight for human liberty.

They naturally did not know at first what we had endured in Europe for years from this military caste—it had never reached as far as the United States of America. Prussia is not a democracy. The Kaiser promises that it will be a democracy after the war. I think he is right. But Prussia not merely is not a democracy; Prussia was not a State; Prussia was an army.

It had its great institutions; it had its great universities; it had developed its science. All these were subordinate to the one great predominant purpose of an all-conquering army to enslave the world. The army was the spear-point of Prussia—the rest was the gilded haft.

Kaiser Intoxicated at Sight of Legions.

That is what we had to deal with in this old outworn country. It was an army that in recent times had waged three wars, all of conquest, and the incessant tramp of its legions through the streets of Prussia, on the parade ground of Prussia, had gone to the Prussian head.

The Kaiser, when he witnessed it on a grand scale at his reviews, got drunk with the sound of it. He delivered the law to the world as a new pastor on Sinai delivering the law from the thunderclouds. But make no mistake. Europe was uneasy, Europe was half intimidated, Europe was anxious. Europe was apprehensive. It knew the whole time what it meant. What we did not know, of course, was the moment when it would come.

This is the menace; this is the oppression from which Europe has suffered for fifty years. It sapped the benefits and the equities of all States which ought to have been devoted and concentrated on the well-being of their peoples. They had to take into account this menace, which was their constant preoccupation, as a cloud ready to burst over the land.

What Gallant France Endured.

France—no one knew except Frenchmen what they endured from this tyranny—patiently, gallantly, with dignity, prepared till the hour of deliverance came. The best energies of democratic France have been devoted to preparing against the impending terror the brave things France was capable of, and that great home of the imaginative, fertile mind, which would otherwise have been devoted to progress, was paralyzed. This is the state of things we have to encounter.

The most characteristic of all Prussian institutions is the Hindenburg line. What is a Hindenburg line?

A Hindenburg line is a line drawn on territories of other people, warning them that the inhabitants of those territories shall not cross it at peril of their lives. That line has been thrown across Europe for fifty years, in many lands.

You recollect what happened some years ago to France when a French Foreign Minister was virtually driven out of office by Prussian interference. Why? What had he done? He had done nothing but what a Minister of an independent State had the most absolute right to do. He had crossed the imaginary line drawn within French territory by Prussian despotism.

But Europe, after enduring this for generations, made up its mind at last that the Hindenburg line must be drawn along the legitimate frontiers of Germany.

America's Turn Comes.

This has been an undoubted fight for the emancipation of Europe and the emancipation of the world. It was at first hard to appreciate that Germany had never interfered in a single step with their freedom. But at last they have daily to endure the same experience. Americans were told they were not to be allowed to cross and recross the Atlantic except at

their peril. American ships were sunk without warning. American subjects were drowned without apology, as a matter of German right.

At first America could not believe it. They could not think it possible that any sane people could behave in that manner, and they tolerated it once and they tolerated it twice, until at last it became clear that the Germans really meant it. Then America acted, and acted promptly. The Hindenburg line was drawn along the shores of America, and Americans were told they must not cross it; and America said, "What is this?" America said, "The place for that line is not the Atlantic, but on the Rhine, and we mean to roll it up." And they have started.

There are two great facts which clinch the argument that this is a great struggle for freedom. The first is the fact that America has come in. She would not have come in otherwise. The second is the Russian revolution.

When France in the eighteenth century sent her soldiers to America to fight for the freedom and independence of that land—France was an autocracy in those days—the Frenchmen in America, once they were there, found that their aim was freedom, their atmosphere was freedom. They conquered at first for others freedom and they took it home, and France became free.

This is the story of Russia. Russia engaged in this great war for the freedom of Serbia, of Montenegro, of Bulgaria. The Russians fought for the freedom of Europe, and they wanted to make their own country free, and they have done it. The Russian revolution is not merely an outcome of this struggle for freedom; it is a proof of its character. And if the Russian people realize it, that national discipline is not incompatible with national freedom, nay, that national discipline is essential to the security of national freedom, they will become a free people.

Why Germany Forced U. S. In.

I have been asking myself the question, Why did Germany deliberately, in the third year of the war, provoke America to a declaration and to this action? Deliberately! Resolutely! It has been suggested that the reason was there were certain elements in American life which they were under the impression would make it impossible for the United States to declare war. That I can hardly believe. But the answer has been afforded by General von Hindenburg himself in a very remarkable interview which appeared in the press.

He depended really upon one or two things, namely, that the submarine campaign could have destroyed international shipping to such an extent that England would have been put out of business before America was ready. According to his computation America could not be ready for twelve months. He does not know America. He is confident in the alternative that when America is ready at the end of twelve months with her army she will have no ships to transport an army to the field of battle.

In General von Hindenburg's words, America carries no weight. He means that she has no ships to carry weight. It is not wise always to assume that even the German General Staff, as has happened so often, have made calculations that they have not right to make, and, therefore, it behooves the whole of the Allies, Great Britain and America notably, to see that that reckoning of General von Hindenburg is false reckoning.

Ships! Ships! Ships! The road to victory, the guarantee of victory, the absolute assurance of victory has to be found in one word, ships, and a second word ships, and a third word ships. With that keenness which characterizes your nation, I see that they fully realize that, and I see to-day that they have already made arrangements to build ships by the thousand—1000 3000-tonners for the Atlantic. I believe that the Germans and their military advisers are already beginning to realize that this is another of their miscalculations, which is going to lead them to disaster and ruin.

You will pardon me for just emphasizing that we are a slow people—slow and blundering, but we get there. You get there sooner. That is why I am glad to see you in. We have been in this business for three years. We have made, as we generally do, every blunder. In consequence we have got through every blunder. Now we are right out on the course. May I respectfully suggest that it is worth a good deal to study our blunders so as to begin where we are now, not where we were three years ago. In war, time is everything, time has a tragic significance. The step which we are taking to-day may lead to a sure victory; taking it to-morrow may avert disaster. All of the Allies have discovered that it was a new country, that it was trackless and mapless, but we found the way and I am glad you are sending your great naval and military experts just to interchange experience with men who have been all through the dreary anxious course of the last three years.

America has helped us even to win the battle of Arras. She has been making ammunition, supplying us with fuel, supplying us with shells, and she has got all of that organization and has got that wonderful fertile adaptability and resourcefulness of the great people who inhabit that great country. It was a bad day for the military autocracy in Prussia when it challenged the great Republic of the West. We know America and we also know that now she has said it she will do it. She will wage a strong and successful war and there is something more important, she will insure a beneficent peace.

I attach no importance. I am the last man in the world, knowing for three years what our difficulties have been, what our anxieties have been, and what our fears have been. I am the last man in the world to say that the succor which is given from

America is not in itself something to rejoice at and to rejoice at greatly.

But I also say that I can see more in the knowledge that America is going to win a right to be at the conference table when the terms of peace are discussed. That conference will settle the destiny of nations and the course of human life for God knows how many ages. It would have been a tragedy, a tragedy of mankind, if America had not been there, and there with all her influence and her power.

When History Gallops.

I can see peace, not a peace to be a beginning of war, not a peace which will be endless preparation for strife and bloodshed, but a real peace. The world is an old world. You have never had the rocking war that has rolled like an ocean over Europe. Europe has always lived under the menace of the sword. When this war began, two-thirds of Europe was under autocratic rule. Now it is the other way about and democracy means peace. The democracy of France hesitated; the democracy of Italy hesitated long before it entered; the democracy of this country sprang back with a shudder and would never have entered that caldron had it not been for the invasion of Belgium, and if Prussia had been a democracy there could have been no war.

Many strange things have happened in this war; aye, and stranger things will come and they are coming rapidly. There are times in history when this world spins so leisurely along its destined course that it seems for centuries to be at a standstill. There are awful times when it rushes along at giddy pace, covering the track of centuries in a year. Those are the times we are living in now. Six weeks ago Russia was an autocracy. She now is one of the most advanced democracies in the world.

To-day we are waging one of the most devastating wars that the world has ever seen. Tomorrow, tomorrow, not perhaps distant tomorrows, war may be abolished forever from the category of human crimes. This may be something like that fierce outburst of winter which we are witnessing before we complete the time of the summer.

Fitting Work for the Dawn.

It is written of those gallant men who won that victory on Monday, from Canada, from Australia and from this old country—it has proved that in spite of its age it is not decrepit—it is written of those gallant men that they attacked at dawn. Fitting work for the dawn to drive out of forty miles of French soil those miscreants who had defiled her freedom. They attacked with the dawn. It is a significant phrase.

With it there came the breaking up of the despotism of Turkey, who has for centuries acted as a cloud to the sunniest lands in the world. It has freed all Russia from an oppression which has covered it like a shroud for so long. And there is the great declaration of President Wilson. The great nations represented in the struggle for freedom are the heralds of the dawn. They attacked with the dawn, and those men are marching forward in the full radiance of that dawn, and soon Frenchmen and Americans, British and Russians, aye, Serbians and Belgians, Montenegrins and Rumanians will emerge into the full light of a perfect day.

SELECTIVE CONSCRIPTION.

What It Means Explained by the President's View.

The following letter to Representative Helvering of Kansas, explains the President's view of selective conscription:

The process of the draft is, I think, very clearly set forth in the bill drafted by the War Department and which I so earnestly hope the Congress will adopt, but it is worth while to state the idea which underlies the bill a little more fully.

I took occasion the other day in an address to the people of the country to point out the many forms of patriotic service that were open to them and to emphasize the fact that the military part of the service was by no means the only part, and perhaps, all things considered, not the most vital part.

Our object is a mobilization of all the productive and active forces of the nation and their development to the highest point of co-operation and efficiency, and the idea of the selective draft is that those should be chosen for service in the army who can be most readily spared from the prosecution of the other activities which the country must engage in and to which it must devote a great deal of its best energy and capacity.

The volunteer system does not do this. When men choose themselves they sometimes choose without due regard to their other responsibilities. Men may come from the farms or from the mines or from the factories or centers of business who ought not to come, but ought to stand back of the armies in the field and see that they get everything they need and that the people of the country are sustained in the meantime.

The principle of the selective draft, in short, has at its heart this idea: that there is a universal obligation to serve and that a public authority should choose those upon whom the obligation of military service shall rest, and also in a sense choose those who shall do the rest of the nation's work. The bill if adopted will do more, I believe, than any other single instrumentality to create the impression of universal service in the army and out of it, and if properly administered will be a great source of stimulation.

Those who feel that we are turning away altogether from the voluntary principle seem to forget that some 600,000 men will be needed to fill the ranks of the regular army and the National Guard and that a very great field of individual enthusiasm lies there wide open.

ECKERT'S STORE

"On the Square"

NEW LEGAL BLANKS

USE THE COMPILER

New Short Form Deeds

Ruled Deeds to be filled by Pen, Unruled Deeds for the Typewriter. New lot just finished at the

Compiler Print Shop

On Coupon Bond paper, no better paper made, a high priced, tough, all linen paper. Prices low and right.

Call and get a supply at

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THE HIGH COST OF LIVING

And How to Reduce It.

Buy a 35 foot lot of ground, big enough for a double house, 180 feet in depth—on the installment plan—\$1.00 per week

Then raise high priced potatoes, onions, cabbage, and other vegetables at half the present selling price.

The saving as compared with present high priced vegetables ought to go a great way towards paying for the lot of ground.

Lots are located on East Middle, Hanover, York, Railroad, Water, Fourth and Fifth streets.

For further particulars call on or address

MARTIN WINTER

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You Can Make Money

right around your home, just as hundreds of men and women are doing. Work is easy, pleasant and permanently profitable. Be your own boss and build your own business. You take no risk, make sure profit right along. Send name, address, one reference. L. BROWN, 66 Murray St New York City.

EGGS FOR HATCHING

Eggs from my Prize Winning Egg Laying Strain. At prices that are reasonable. Call and see stock. Write for free Booklet. W. G. HORNER, Catalpa Poultry Farm, Gettysburg.

RED CLOVERINE PILLS

Positively Relieves Constipation Indigestion and Headaches

One Package Proves It. 10 and 25c For Sale at PEOPLES DRUG STORE Gettysburg, Pa.

WE WANT a man or woman in every town where we are not already represented, to introduce BROWN HERB TABLETS guaranteed remedy for Constipation, Indigestion and Dyspepsia. Over 100% profit. Easy seller, repeat orders, Permanent income. Write for pamphlets, FREE SAMPLES and terms. BROWN HERB CO., 66 Murray St, New York City.

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Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office on Balto. St., opposite Court House.

Wm. McClean Wm. Arch. McClean
Late Pres. Judge. ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Law offices in Compiler Building, Balto. Street, a few doors above Court House on opposite side of street.

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Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

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YOU should have a Kanawha or a Red Jacket Pump because they are SO EASY TO WORK—SO EASY TO FIX. A child can operate them, and when repairs are needed, you can easily do the work yourself. When your well is properly fitted with a KANAWHA (wood) or RED JACKET (iron) PUMP you are assured of having the best pump building in your country. Over forty years of successful experience has proven that we will build it correctly. Send for our illustrated catalogue. If your dealer cannot supply you—write direct. KANAWHA PUMP WORKS, Baltimore, Md.

Western Maryland Ry.

EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER 23, 1914

Subject to change without notice.

5.50 a. m. Daily, for New Oxford, Hanover and Baltimore, and except Sunday for York.

8.46 a. m. Daily except Sunday, for Hanover, York and intermediate points.

10.16 a. m. Daily, for Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Pittsburgh, Chicago and the West, also Elkins, W. Va.

3.59 p. m. Daily, for Hanover, York, Baltimore and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

5.41 p. m. Daily, except Sunday, for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

11.22 p. m. Daily for Hagerstown, Cumberland, Pittsburgh, and the West. Also W. Va. Points.

S. ENNES, C. F. STEWART, Gen. M'gr. Gen. Pass. Agt.

A Reliable Remedy FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm

is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Ely's Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts. Ely's Creams, 56 Warren Street, New York.

\$1.25

ROUND TRIP Every Sunday Excursions to BALTIMORE

On Regular trains in both directions

Leaves Gettysburg 5:50 A. M. Returning Leaves Baltimore - - - 9:00 P. M.

Correspondingly low round trip fares to intermediate stations. CONSULT TICKET AGENT

Western Maryland Ry.

Subscribe for the COMPILER

HEAVIEST MAN IN CO. DIES

**JACOB NARY OF ORRTANNA
WEIGHED 404 POUNDS.**

**Death of Young Child from Scald—
County Man Dies in
Oregon.**

Jacob Grant Nary, one of the heaviest men in the county, weighing over four hundred pounds died at his home near Orttanna on Monday morning from dropsy. He died one day short of his 62nd birthday having been born on April 24, 1855. He spent his entire life in the county and has a brother and sister heavier than he was. He weighed 404 pounds, his brother David Nary of Arendtsville, is said to weigh 407 pounds and a sister living in York is said to weigh more. The funeral was held on Wednesday morning. The casket was of unusual size, three by eight feet and would not go in the hearse so a motor truck was used to convey casket from house to Mt. Carmel Cemetery. The services were held by Rev. Ira S. Ernst. He leaves a wife who was Miss Louisa Spence, and a son living in York. Three brothers and three sisters survive. John Nary of Orttanna, David Nary of Arendtsville, Henry Nary of Highfield, Mrs. Wolf of Orttanna, Mrs. Jacob Moritz of Iowa and Mrs. Susan Young of York.

Reba Raffensperger, the two year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roy M. Raffensperger of Butler township, tumbled into a bucket of scalding water on Tuesday morning and died from the injuries on Wednesday afternoon. The entire body from shoulders to the ankles was burned. She was thought to be improving when seized with convulsions and death ensued. She is survived by her parents and three brothers, Thomas, Edgar and Guyon.

Otho Foyer, son of Martin Foyer, of near Biglerville, died in Oregon the early part of this month. He was a skilled worker in iron, had been in the naval service for a while and his abilities being noted was given charge of important mechanical work on board ship. He was in San Francisco when the earthquake occurred and he was killed when the building collapsed. He was a very capable man and was very popular.

Mrs. Anna E. V. Thompson, 80 years old, died at her home in York on Tuesday morning. She was a native of Pennsylvania and had lived in York for many years. She was a very capable woman and was very popular. She is survived by her family.

Eugene Clement McDermitt, 31 years old, died at his home near New Oxford, after a lingering illness from a fever. He was born near St. Leonards Church, Frederick Valley and was a son of the late Hugh and Mary Cole McDermitt. He was a very capable man and was very popular. He is survived by his family.

Mrs. Annie C. Heikes, wife of William Heikes, died last Saturday at her home in Tyrone township after a five days' illness from pneumonia, aged 62 years, 4 months and 7 days. The family had moved from Huntington township to Tyrone township early this month. She was a daughter of the late Ephraim and Susanna Plank and leaves her husband and two sons and a daughter: J. Alexander Group, and Elmer H. Heikes of Huntington township, and Mrs. Harry W. Asper of York Springs. Two brothers and three sisters also survive, Jacob Plank of Paoli, Mrs. H. A. Fissel of Tyrone township, Mrs. Oliver Lerew of York Springs, Elmer F. Plank of Harrisburg, Mrs. Jesse Golden of Carlisle. She took an active part in the Sunday School and congregational work of the Upper Meridian Church of which she had been a member since girlhood. She had a host of friends in the county. Funeral was on Tuesday, services and interment at Upper Meridian church, conducted by Rev. D. R. Becker.

Hannah Mary Pifer, daughter of the late Peter and Hannah Pifer, of Huntington township, died at the home of her son, John Hamilton, near York Springs, last Thursday aged 65 years, 5 months and 1 day. Death was caused by tuberculosis. Mrs. Pifer was not taken seriously ill until last Monday evening. She was twice married but had been divorced both times. She leaves one son, John Hamilton, of Huntington township. She also leaves a brother, John Pifer of Aspers. Funeral services were held on Sunday conducted by Rev. W. G. Group, with interment at York Springs.

Edward McElwee died at his home near New Chester, April 20, aged 55 years, following an illness of six days from pneumonia. He is survived by his wife and two daughters, Miss Minerva and Mrs. Maggie Martin of Hanover, and one son, Carl McElwee of Philadelphia. Funeral was on Tuesday with services in the Reformed Church at New Chester, by Rev. J. S. Ditzler.

Millard Fillmore Hershey, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Hershey, Cumberland township, died Tuesday afternoon about four o'clock, aged 2 years. Funeral was Thursday afternoon, services by Rev. D. T. Koser, with interment at Flohr's Church.

Miss Kate Hartzell died on Monday at her home in Arendtsville after an illness covering a period of eighteen years. She was 72 years of age. She leaves one sister, Miss Florence Hartzell of Arendtsville. She also leaves a number of nephews, nieces and cousins. Funeral was held Wednesday with interment at Arendtsville.

Mrs. Nancy Britcher McClain, a former resident of Adams county, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. N. H. Calless of Camlen, N. J., on last Friday after a lingering illness, aged 64 years. Mrs. McClain was formerly Miss Nancy Sowers, a daughter of the late John Y. Sowers of Huntington township. She was a very capable woman and was very popular. She is survived by her family.

Mrs. Mary E. Keith was appointed chairman of a Committee on Instruction, at the first A. I. It is expected that a report will be given them at the next meeting.

The first and final account of the estate of John A. Rider, executor of the will of James Rider, late of York township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

The first and final account of the estate of John A. Rider, executor of the will of James Rider, late of York township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

The first and final account of the estate of John A. Rider, executor of the will of James Rider, late of York township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

NOTICE OF INQUEST.

In the Orphans' Court of Adams County, Penna., in re estates of Thaddeus L. Welty and Annie L. Welty, deceased.

To the heirs of Thaddeus L. Welty and Annie L. Welty, deceased, and all others interested:

You are hereby notified that the Orphans' Court of Adams County, Penna., awarded an inquest to make partition and valuation of certain real estate of the said Thaddeus L. Welty and Annie L. Welty, deceased, situate in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams County, Penna., fronting on York street, adjoining Green street on the east, lot of C. B. Dougherty on the south and lot of Mrs. L. D. Miller on the west, improved with a double 2 1-2 story brick dwelling, stable, and having a frontage of 66 feet, and that said inquest will be held on the said premises on Tuesday, the 15th day of May, 1917, at 10.30 A. M., at which time and place you are requested to attend if you think proper.

H. J. HARTMAN,
Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the administration accounts hereinafter entered will be presented at an Orphans' Court for confirmation and allowance on Monday, May 21st, 1917 at 10.30 a. m. of said day.

96. The second and final account of Wellington Swope and I. A. Noel, executors of the last will and testament of Dr. Agideous Noel, late of Mt Pleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

97. The first and final account of Harry B. Fritz and Richard J. Hanky, administrators of the estate of Lucy A. Fritz, late of Highland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

98. First and partial account of Albert D. Weikert, administrator of the estate of John T. Weikert, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

99. First and final account of W. Hersh and John D. Keith, trustees for the sale of the real estate of John T. Weikert, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

100. First and final account of Elmer A. Aker and J. Robert Sadler, administrators of the estate of John T. Weikert, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

101. First and final account of Bert Sauer, administrator of the estate of John A. Trust, late of East Adams township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

102. First and final account of J. E. Hummer and Maurice G. Cole, administrators of the estate of John A. Trust, late of East Adams township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

The first and final account of the estate of John A. Rider, executor of the will of James Rider, late of York township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

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121. The first and final account of Roy Sterner, administrator of the estate of Jacob L. Sterner, late of Union township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

C. W. GARDNER,
Register.

PUBLIC SALE

OF LUMBER AND WOOD.

On Tuesday, May 1, 1917.

On the Leo Frommeyer farm in Mt. Pleasant township, on road to Dutera's Station, the following: 10,000 feet of solid oak boards, plank, and scantling, all full edged, 2x4, 3x4, 4x4, from 8 to 16 feet long 15 cords of oak and hickory slab wood 12 inches long, 5 acres of uncut tops, also standing timber, in lots to suit purchasers, tree tops, chips, chucks and edging, 25 posts, 10 cords of cord wood with no brails, lumberman's shanty, frame stable, etc. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock p. m., sharp. A credit of 3 months will be given to all purchasers giving their notes with approved security. All sums of \$5 and under cash. No lumber to be removed until sale is over.

CHARLES RUDISILL,
G. R. Thompson, Auct.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

SIMON P. MILLER,

Of Mt. Joy Township.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

P. P. EISENHART,

Of East Berlin.

GOOD, Sober Laboring Men Wanted between the ages of 20 and 45 years, who are willing to be advanced. Factory operated day and night turns, shifts change each week. Wages from 21c to 30c per hour with bonus for good workmen. Married men preferred. Apply to superintendent, Columbia Plate Glass Co., Blairsville, Pa. a 7-6t.

WANTED

Well-trained Teacher---Good Positions.

The demand for Normal School graduates far exceeds the number of graduates.


Teaching is a noble profession for men and women.

Write to the State Normal School, Millersville, Pa., for a Catalogue.

SPRING TERM, 12 weeks,
begins April 9, 1917.

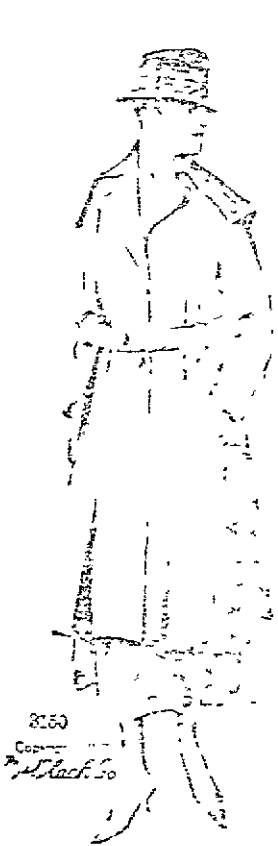
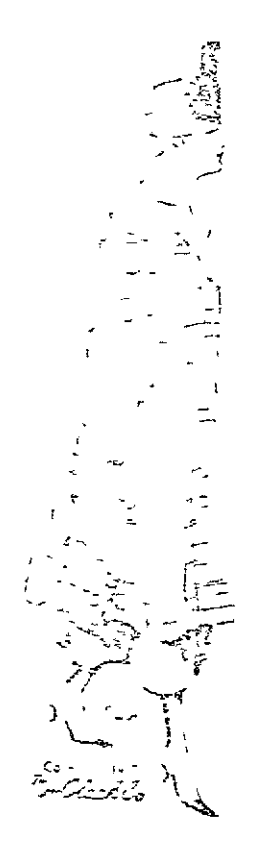
SUMMER SESSION 6 weeks,
begins July 2, 1917.

FALL TERM
begins September 4, 1917.



Here are two of the stunning coats

Illustrating how remarkable
a line we have procured

EVERY clever woman will notice how subtle is the very simplicity of these models, and how effectively youthful. A single line over-emphasized ever so little would have spoiled their charm and their correctness.

The ones shown are two Wooltex models newly arrived from The H. Black Company, celebrated makers of young women's coats and suits.

This is the CONNERRE, a characteristic coat of the best designing. Notice how the side panel effect gives those long graceful lines, adding to the slenderness of the figure. It comes in gabardines of all the desired shades and is trimmed in Khaki-Kool silk, now so much wanted. Left illustration.

No. 3269. Here is another use of the new and resourceful side panel, extending full to the hem of the skirt, giving to the garment graceful lines in a real sport coat. A clever touch is the pocket in the panel—one on either side. Made up in popular velour checks, and tailored the Wooltex way. Right illustration.

The earlier one buys this spring the surer she is of getting authentic creations—we have managed to get a rather large order accepted by this busy house, The H. Black Company, but they can give us no assurance about re-orders.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

The Store That Sells Wooltex
Coats and Suits

